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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1987

ENROLLED

Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for SENATE BILL NO. 315

(By Senator Boettnee, et al.)

PASSED March 14 1987
In Effect Minity days from Passage

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

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FOR

Senate Bill No. 315

(SENATORS BOETTNER, HOLLIDAY, HOLMES, CHERNENKO, KAUFMAN,
LUCHT AND CHAFIN, original sponsors)

[Passed March 14, 1987; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, relating to creating an occupational safety and health division for public employees within the department of labor; definitions; application of article; duties of employer and employee; providing for the adoption of rules relating to occupational health and safety standards; adoption of federal and state standards; variances; emergency standards; authorizing the commissioner of labor to conduct appropriate inspections and investigations; records to be kept; issuance of citations by commissioner for violations; establishing an occupational health and safety review commission to review the commissioner's citations and determinations; terms; compensation; notification to employer of violation; hearing; appeal from review commission; discrimination against employee;

investigation; civil action; authorizing circuit courts to enjoin certain dangerous conditions or practices in places of employment; research and demonstration projects; education programs; reports to United States secretary of labor; advisory board; membership; appointment; terms; vacancies; and compensation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3A. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT.

§21-3A-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Occupational Safety and Health Act."

§21-3A-1a. Legislative policy.

- 1 The Legislature finds that the safety and health of public
- 2 employees in the workplace is of primary public concern.
- 3 Personal injuries and illnesses arising out of work
- 4 situations result not only in wage loss and increased
- 5 medical expenses for public employees, but also in
- 6 decreased productivity and increased workers'
- 7 compensation expenses for public employers. The
- 8 Legislature therefore declares:
- 9 (a) That it is the policy of this state to ensure that all 10 public employees be provided with safe and healthful work
- 11 environments free from recognized and avoidable hazards;
- 12 (b) That it is the responsibility of the state to
- 13 promulgate standards for the protection of the health and
- 14 safety of its public workforce; and
- 15 (c) That it is in the public interest for public employers
- 16 and public employees to join in a cooperative effort to
- 7 enforce these standards.

§21-3A-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly
- 2 indicates otherwise:
- 3 (a) "Commission" means the occupational safety and
- 4 health review commission established under this article;

- 5 (b) "Commissioner" means the labor commissioner or 6 his designated agent;
- 7 (c) "Employee" means any public employee of the state, 8 or any state agency;
- 9 (d) "Employer" means public employer and shall 10 include the state or any department, division, bureau, 11 board, council, agency or authority of the state, but shall 12 not include the department of corrections, the department 13 of health and the Legislature;
- 14 (e) "Occupational safety and health standard" means a 15 standard for health or safety which requires the adoption or 16 use of one or more practices, means, methods, operations or 17 processes reasonably necessary or appropriate to provide 18 safe and healthful employment in places of employment;
- 19 (f) "Person" means one or more individuals; and
- (g) "Workplace" means a place where public employees are assigned to work but shall not include any place where public employees are assigned to work that is inspected and regulated in accordance with federal occupational safety and health standards or mine safety and health administration standards, or facilities under the authority of the department of corrections, the department of health, or the Legislature.

§21-3A-3. Division of occupational safety and health; coordination of activities with workers' compensation commissioner.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created in the labor department a 2 division of occupational safety and health, comprised of a 3 subdivision for safety, a subdivision for health and such 4 other subdivisions as the commissioner considers 5 necessary. This division shall administer all matters 6 pertaining to occupational safety and occupational health.
- 7 (b) The labor commissioner may require the assistance 8 of other state agencies and may enter into agreements with 9 other state agencies and political subdivisions of the state 10 for the administration of this chapter.
- 11 (c) The labor commissioner shall provide for 12 coordination between the division of occupational safety 13 and health and the workers' compensation commissioner
- 14 including, but not limited to, the establishment of
- 15 standardized procedures and reportings.

§21-3A-4. Application of article.

- 1 (a) This article applies to all public employers, public
- 2 employees and public workplaces within the state of West
- 3 Virginia.
- 4 (b) Nothing in this article may be construed to
- 5 supersede or in any manner affect any workers'
- 6 compensation law or to diminish in any manner common
- 7 law or statutory rights, duties or liabilities of employers or
- 8 employees, under any law with respect to injuries, diseases
- or death of employees arising out of and in the course of
- 10 employment.

§21-3A-5. Duties of employer and employee.

- (a) Each employer shall furnish to each of his employees
- 2 employment and a place of employment which are free from
- 3 recognized hazards causing or likely to cause death or
- serious physical harm or serious illness to his employees.
- 5 (b) Each employer shall, upon the written request of any
- 6 employee, furnish the employee with a written statement
- 7 listing the substances which the employee uses or with
- 8 which the employee comes into contact, which substances
- 9 have been identified as toxic and hazardous by
- 10 occupational safety and health standards, under Title 29
- 11 CFR 1910.1000 "Air Contaminant Code of Federal
- 12 Regulations" through 1910.1046, or listed in the most recent
- 13 National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
- 14 Registry of the Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 15 (RTECS).
- 16 (c) Each employer shall comply with occupational
- 17 safety and health standards promulgated under this article.
- 18 (d) Each employee shall comply with occupational
- 19 safety and health standards and all regulations and orders
- 20 issued pursuant to this article which are applicable to his
- 21 actions and conduct.

§21-3A-6. Rules.

- 1 In the rules adopted under the authority of this article,
- 2 the commissioner shall:
- 3 (a) Provide for the preparation, adoption, amendment
- 4 or repeal of rules necessary to effectuate the health and
- 5 safety purposes of this article;
- 6 (b) Provide educational programs to encourage

- 7 employers and employees in their efforts to reduce the 8 number of safety and health hazards and to stimulate 9 employers and employees to institute new programs, and to 10 perfect existing programs to provide for safe and healthful 11 working conditions;
- 12 (c) Provide for appropriate reporting procedures by 13 employers with respect to information relating to 14 conditions of employment which will assist in achieving the 15 objectives of this article;
- (d) Provide for the frequency, method and manner of
 making inspections of workplaces without advance notice: *Provided*, That in the event of an emergency or unusual
 situation, the commissioner may give advance notice;
- 20 (e) Provide for the publication and dissemination to 21 employers, employees and labor organizations and the 22 posting, where appropriate, by employers of informational, 23 educational or training materials calculated to aid and 24 assist in achieving the objectives of this article; and
- (f) Provide for the establishment of new programs, and the perfection and expansion of existing programs for occupational safety and health education for employers and employees and institute methods and procedures to establish a program for voluntary compliance by employers and employees with the requirements of this article and all applicable safety and health standards and regulations promulgated pursuant to the authority of this article.

§21-3A-7. Adoption of federal and state standards; variances.

- 1 (a) The commissioner, on or before the first day of July, 2 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall provide at 3 the minimum, for the adoption of all occupational safety 4 and health standards, amendments or changes adopted or 5 recognized by the United States Secretary of Labor under 6 the authority of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 7 1970, which are in effect on the effective date of this section. 8 Where no federal standards are applicable, or where 9 standards more stringent than the federal standards are 10 deemed advisable, the commissioner shall provide for the 11 development of such state standards as will comport with 12 the purposes of this act. Standards shall be adopted through 13 state administrative procedures.
- (b) In the event of emergency or unusual situations, the
 commissioner shall provide for an emergency temporary
 standard to take effect immediately if he determines:

- 17 (1) Employees are exposed to grave danger from 18 exposure to substances or agents determined to be toxic or 19 physically harmful or from new hazards; and
- 20 (2) The emergency standard is necessary to protect 21 employees from such danger.

The emergency standard may be in effect not longer than one hundred eighty days or, if renewed in compliance with the laws of this state governing the adoption or extension of rules, not longer than sixty additional days. On or before the expiration date of the emergency standard or renewal thereof, the commissioner shall develop a permanent standard to replace the emergency standard.

- (c) Any standard promulgated shall prescribe the use of labels or other appropriate forms of warning necessary to ensure that employees are apprised of all hazards to which they are exposed, relevant symptoms and appropriate emergency treatment and, where appropriate, proper conditions and precautions of safe use or exposure. The standard shall also prescribe suitable protective equipment and control procedures for use in connection with such hazards and shall provide for measuring employee exposure in the manner necessary for the protection of employees. In addition, where appropriate, the standard shall prescribe the type and frequency of medical examinations or other tests which shall be made available to employees exposed to such hazards in order to determine any adverse effect from that exposure.
- (d) Any employer may apply to the commissioner for a temporary order granting a variance from a standard, or any provision thereof, promulgated under this section. A temporary order shall be granted if the employer files an application which meets the requirements of subsection (e) of this section and establishes that:
- (1) He is unable to comply with a standard by its effective date because of unavailability of professional or technical personnel or of materials and equipment needed to come into compliance with the standard or because necessary construction or alteration of facilities cannot be completed by the effective date;
- (2) He is taking all available steps to safeguard employees against the hazards covered by the standard; and
 - (3) He has an effective program for coming into

59 compliance with the standard as quickly as practicable.

Any temporary order issued under this subsection shall 60 61 prescribe the practices, means, methods, operations and 62 processes which the employer must adopt and use while the 63 order is in effect and state in detail his program for coming 64 into compliance with the standard. A temporary order may 65 be granted only after notice by the commissioner to 66 employees and an opportunity for a hearing before the 67 commissioner: *Provided*, That the commissioner may issue 68 one interim order to be effective until a decision is made on 69 the basis of the hearing. No temporary order may be in 70 effect for longer than the period needed by the employer to 71 achieve compliance with the standard or one year, 72 whichever is shorter: Provided, however, That an order may 73 be renewed if the requirements of this subsection are met 74 and if an application for renewal is filed at least ninety days 75 prior to the expiration date of the order. No interim renewal 76 of an order may remain in effect longer than one hundred 77 eighty days.

- 78 (e) An application for a temporary variance order shall 79 contain:
- 80 (1) A specification of the standard or portion thereof 81 from which the employer seeks a variance;
- 82 (2) A representation by the employer, supported by 83 representations from qualified persons who have firsthand 84 knowledge of the facts represented, that he is unable to 85 comply with the standard or portion thereof and a detailed 86 statement of the reasons therefor;
- 87 (3) A statement of the steps he has taken and will take, 88 with specific dates, to protect employees against the hazard 89 covered by the standards;
- 90 (4) A statement of when he expects to comply with the 91 standard and what steps he has taken and what steps he will 92 take, with dates specified, to come into compliance with the 93 standard; and
- 94 (5) A certification that he has informed his employees of 95 the application by giving a copy thereof to their authorized 96 representative, posting a statement giving a summary of the 97 application and specifying where a copy may be examined 98 at the place or places where notices to employees are 99 normally posted and by other appropriate means. A 100 description of how employees have been informed shall be 101 contained in the certification. The information to

- 103 commissioner for a hearing. The commissioner is
- 104 authorized to grant a variance from any standard or portion
- 105 thereof whenever he determines that a variance is necessary
- 106 to permit an employer to participate in an experiment,
- 107 approved by the commissioner, designed to demonstrate or
- 108 validate new and improved techniques to safeguard the
- 109 health or safety of workers.
- 110 (f) Any affected employer may apply to the
- 111 commissioner for an order granting a variance from a
- 112 standard promulgated under this section. Affected
- 113 employees shall be given notice of each such application
- 114 and an opportunity to participate in a hearing before the
- 115 commissioner. The commissioner shall issue such order if he
- 116 determines on the record, after opportunity for an
- 117 inspection where appropriate and a hearing, that the
- 118 proponent of the variance has demonstrated by a
- 119 preponderance of the evidence that the conditions.
- 120 practices, means, methods, operations or processes used or
- 191 proposed to be used by an approximation of processes used of
- 121 proposed to be used by an employer will provide
- 122 employment and places of employment which are as safe
- 123 and healthful as those which would prevail if he complied
- 124 with the standard. The order issued shall prescribe the
- 125 conditions the employer must maintain and the practices,
- 126 means, methods, operations and processes which he must
- 127 adopt and utilize to the extent they differ from the standard
- 128 in question. The order may be modified or revoked upon
- 129 application by an employer or employees, or by the
- 130 commissioner on his own motion, in the manner prescribed
- 131 for its issuance under this subsection at any time after six 132 months from its issuance.
- 133 (g) Any employee who may be adversely affected by a
- 134 standard or variance or regulation issued under this section
- 135 may challenge the validity or applicability of a standard or
- 136 variance or regulation by bringing an action for a
- 137 declaratory judgment.
- 138 (h) It is the expressed intent of the Legislature that an
- 139 unlimited number of variances may be granted, if the
- 140 conditions of this section are met.

§21-3A-8. Inspections and investigations; records.

- 1 (a) In order to carry out the purposes of this article, the
- 2 commissioner or his agent, upon presenting appropriate

3 credentials to the employer, is authorized:

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- (1) To enter without advance notice, except as provided in subsection (d) of section six, and at reasonable times may enter any workplace or environment where work is performed by an employee of an employer; and
- 8 To inspect and investigate, during regular working hours and at other reasonable times and within reasonable limits and in a reasonable manner, any place of employment 10 and all pertinent conditions, structures, machines, apparatus, devices, equipment and the materials therein, 12 and to question privately any employer or employee. No 13 public employer may refuse to allow a representative of the 14 commissioner to inspect a place of employment. If an 15 employer attempts to prevent a representative of the department from conducting an inspection, the 17 commissioner may obtain an inspection warrant from the circuit court of Kanawha County or the circuit court of the county wherein the employer is located. 20
- 21 (b) In making his inspections and investigations under this entire article the commissioner may require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence under oath. Witnesses shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the courts of this state. In case of contumacy or failure or refusal of any person to obey such an order, the circuit court for the judicial circuit wherein the person resides, is found or transacts business has jurisdiction to issue to the person an order requiring the person to appear, to produce evidence if asked and, when so ordered, to give testimony relating to the matter under investigation or in question. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof. 34
- (c) (1) Each employer shall make, keep, preserve and make available to the commissioner and the United States secretary of labor records regarding his activities relating to this entire article as the commissioner may prescribe by rule as necessary or appropriate for the enforcement of this article or for developing information regarding the causes and prevention of occupational accidents and illnesses. In order to carry out the provisions of this subdivision, these rules may include provisions requiring employers to conduct periodic inspections. The commissioner shall also issue rules requiring that employers, through posting of

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- (2)The commissioner shall prescribe rules requiring 51 employers to maintain accurate records of and to make periodic reports on work-related deaths, injuries and illnesses other than minor injuries requiring only first-aid treatment and not involving medical treatment, loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion or transfer to 56 another job.
- 57 The commissioner shall issue rules requiring 58 employers to maintain accurate records of employee 59 exposures to potentially toxic materials or harmful 60 physical agents which are required to be monitored or 61 measured under any occupational safety and health 62 standard adopted under this entire chapter. These 63 regulations shall provide employees or their 64 representatives an opportunity to observe the monitoring or 65 measuring and to have access to the records. The 66 regulations shall also make appropriate provisions for each 67 employee or former employee to have such access to the 68 records as will indicate his own exposure to toxic materials 69 or harmful physical agents. Each employer shall promptly 70 notify any employee who has been or is being exposed to 71 toxic materials or harmful physical agents in 72 concentrations or at levels which exceed those prescribed 73 by an applicable occupational safety and health standard 74 promulgated under section six of this article and shall 75 inform any employee who is being thus exposed of the 76 corrective action being taken.
- Any information obtained by the commissioner 78 under this entire article shall be obtained with a minimum 79 burden upon employers. Unnecessary duplication of efforts 80 in obtaining information shall be eliminated to the 81 maximum extent feasible.
- (e) Subject to rules issued by the commissioner, a 83 representative of the employer and a representative 84 authorized by the employees of the employer shall be given 85 an opportunity to accompany the commissioner or his 86 authorized representative during the physical inspection of any workplace for the purpose of aiding the inspection. 87 Where there is no authorized employee representative, the 89 commissioner or his authorized representative shall consult

with a reasonable number of employees concerning mattersof health and safety in the workplace.

- (1) Any employee or representative of employees 92 93 who believes that there is a violation of an occupational safety or health standard or that there is an imminent danger of physical harm may request an inspection by giving notice to the commissioner or his authorized representative of the violation or danger. The notice shall be reduced to writing, shall set forth with reasonable particularity the grounds for the notice and shall be signed by the employees or their representative. A copy of the 101 notice shall be provided the employer or his agent no later 102 than the time of the inspection: Provided, That upon the 103 request of the person giving the notice, his name and the 104 names of individual employees referred to therein shall not 105 appear in the copy or on any record published, released or 106 made available pursuant to subsection (g) of this section. If, 107 upon receipt of the notification, the commissioner 108 determines there are reasonable grounds to believe that 109 such violation or danger exists, he shall make an inspection 110 in accordance with the provisions of this section as soon as 111 practicable to determine if the violation or danger exists. 112 The commissioner shall maintain records of the results of 113 any such investigation, which shall be made available to the 114 public upon request. The authority of the commissioner to 115 inspect any premises for purposes of investigating an 116 alleged violation of safety standards shall not be limited to 117 the alleged violation but shall extend to any other area of 118 the premises in which he has reason to believe that a 119 violation of the safety standards promulgated under this act 120 exists. If the commissioner determines there are no 121 reasonable grounds to believe that the violation or danger 122 exists, he shall notify the employer, employee or 123 representative of employees in writing of the 124 determination. The notification does not preclude future 125 enforcement action if conditions change.
- 126 (2) Prior to or during any inspection of a workplace, any 127 employees or representative of employees employed in the 128 workplace may notify the commissioner, or any 129 representative of the commissioner responsible for 130 conducting the inspection, in writing of any violation of this 131 entire article which they have reason to believe exists in the 132 workplace. The commissioner shall, by rule, establish

- 133 procedures for review of any refusal by a representative of
- 134 the commissioner to issue a citation with respect to any
- 135 alleged violation, and shall furnish the employer and the
- 136 employees or representative of employees requesting the
- 137 review a written statement of the reasons for the
- 138 commissioner's final disposition of the case. The
- 139 notification does not preclude future enforcement action if
- 140 conditions change.
- 141 (g) (1) The commissioner is authorized to compile, 142 analyze and publish in either summary or detail form all
- 142 analyze and publish in either summary or detail form all 143 reports or information obtained under this section.
- 144 (2) The commissioner shall prescribe such rules as he
- 145 considers necessary to carry out his responsibilities under
- 146 this article, including rules dealing with the inspection of
- 147 an employer's or owner's establishment.

§21-3A-9. Citation for violation.

- 1 (a) If, upon inspection or investigation, the
- 2 commissioner or his authorized representative believes that
- 3 an employer or employee has violated any safety and health
- 4 standards or variance or the commissioner finds a condition
- 5 which poses a recognized hazard likely to cause death or
- 6 serious physical harm or illness, the commissioner shall,
- 7 with reasonable promptness, issue a citation to the
- 8 employer or employee. Each citation shall be in writing and
- 9 shall describe with particularity the nature of the violation,
- 10 including a reference to the provision of this article, or the
- 11 standard, rule or order alleged to have been violated. The
- 12 citation shall fix a reasonable time for the abatement of the
- 13 violation.
- 14 (b) Each citation issued under this section or a copy or
- 15 copies thereof shall be prominently posted as prescribed in
- 16 rules issued by the commissioner at or near each place a
- 17 violation referred to in the citation occurred.

§21-3A-10. Occupational safety and health review commission.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created a West Virginia occupational
- 2 safety and health review commission within the labor
- 3 department for administrative purposes only. The
- 4 commission shall consist of three members appointed by the
- 5 governor, by and with consent of the Senate, from among
- 6 persons who, by reason of training, education or
- 7 experience, are qualified to carry out the functions of the

8 commission under this article. The governor shall designate 9 one of the members of the commission to serve as chairman.

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- (b) Members of the review commission shall serve terms of four years and until their successors are appointed.
- (c) The review commission shall hold monthly meetings and such additional meetings as necessary. A majority of the review commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Special meetings of the review commission may be called upon reasonable notice by the commissioner or by any two members of the commission.
- (d) The review commission shall hear and rule on 18 19 appeals from citations, variances and notifications issued under the provisions of this article and shall adopt and 20 promulgate rules with respect to the procedural aspects of 21 its hearings. The rules shall provide affected employees and 22 their representatives an opportunity to participate as 23 24 parties at hearings under this section. Such employees shall 25 be given time off by their employers to participate in these hearings. 26
- (e) The chairman of the commission and each of the other two members shall be paid a per diem allowance for days in performance of their duties at the rate of one hundred dollars per diem, together with their expenses at a rate determined by law.
- 32 (f) To conduct hearings, the review commission or 33 chairman may subpoena and examine witnesses, require 34 the production of evidence, administer oaths and take 35 testimony and depositions.
- 36 (g) After hearing an appeal the review commission may 37 sustain, modify or dismiss a citation.

§21-3A-11. Notice to employer of contest period; action by commissioner; action by review commission.

1 (a) If, after inspection or investigation, the 2 commissioner issues a citation pursuant to section nine, he 3 shall, within a reasonable time after the termination of the 4 inspection or investigation, notify the employer or 5 employee by certified mail. The notification shall inform 6 the employer or employee that he has fifteen working days 7 from the receipt of notice within which to notify the 8 commissioner that he wishes to contest the citation or to 9 seek a variance. If the employer or employee fails to so notify the commissioner within fifteen days, and if no notice

- 11 is filed by any employee or representative of employees 12 pursuant to subsection (c) of this section within fifteen 13 days, the citation, as proposed, becomes a final order and 14 not subject to review by any court or agency.
- 15 (b) If the commissioner has reason to believe that an 16 employer or employee has failed to correct a violation for 17 which a citation has been issued within the period 18 permitted for correction, the commissioner shall notify the 19 employer or employee by certified mail or personal service 20 of such failure and the commissioner shall seek judicial 21 enforcement of such citation order: *Provided*, That in the case of a review proceeding initiated by the employer or 23 employee under this section in good faith and not solely for 24 delay, the period permitted for correction of the violation 25 does not begin to run until the entry of a final order by the review commission. The notification by the commissioner 27 shall inform the employer or employee that he has fifteen 28 working days from the receipt of the notice within which to notify the commissioner that he wishes to contest the 29 30 notification. If, within fifteen days from receipt of notification under this section, the employer or employee fails to notify the commissioner that he intends to contest 32 33 the notification, the notification and assessment as proposed become a final order of the commission and not 35 subject to review by any court or agency.
- 36 (c) If an employer or employee notifies the 37 commissioner within the fifteen day period provided for in 38 subsection (b) of this section that he wishes to contest the notification, the commissioner shall immediately advise the 39 40 commission of the notification and the commission shall afford an opportunity for a hearing. Upon a showing by an 41 42 employer or employee of a good faith effort to comply with 43 the abatement requirements of a citation and a showing 44 that abatement has not been completed because of factors 45 beyond his reasonable control, the commissioner, after an 46 opportunity for a hearing as provided in this subsection, 47 shall issue an order affirming or modifying the abatement 48 requirements in the citation. The rules of procedure prescribed by the commission shall provide affected 49 employees or representatives of affected employees an 50 51 opportunity to participate as parties to hearings under this 52 subsection. 53
 - (d) If the employer or employee, at a hearing under subsection (c) of this section, does not prove he made a good

- 55 faith effort to comply, the commission shall seek judicial
- 56 enforcement to compel compliance.

§21-3A-12. Appeal from review commission.

- Any employer or employee, or the commissioner,
- 2 adversely affected or aggrieved by an order of the review
- 3 commission, after all administrative remedies provided by
- 4 this article have been exhausted, is entitled to judicial
- 5 review pursuant to section four, article five, chapter
- 6 twenty-nine-a of this code.

§21-3A-13. Discrimination against employee filing complaint.

- 1 (a) No employer may discharge or in any manner
- 2 discriminate against any employee because the employee 3
- has filed any complaint, instituted or caused to be instituted
- or participated in any proceedings under or related to this
- article, has testified or is about to testify in any such
- 6 proceedings or has exercised on behalf of himself or others
- any right afforded by this article. 7
- 8 (b) Any employee who believes that he has been
- 9 discharged or otherwise discriminated against by any
- 10 person in violation of this section may, within thirty days 11 after the alleged violation occurs, file a complaint with the
- 12 commissioner alleging such discrimination. Upon receipt of
- 13 the complaint the commissioner shall cause an
- 14 investigation to be made. If after such investigation the
- 15 commissioner determines that the provisions of this section
- 16 have been violated, he shall bring an action in the circuit
- 17 court of Kanawha County against the employer. In any such
- 18 action, the court has jurisdiction, for cause shown, to 19 restrain violations of subsection (a) of this section and to
- 20 order all appropriate relief including rehiring or
- 21 reinstatement of the employee to his former position with
- 22 back pay plus interest at the statutory rate in this state.

§21-3A-14. Enjoining of conditions or practices at places of employment; mandamus against commissioner for failure to act.

- (a) The circuit court of Kanawha County or the circuit 1
- 2 court in the county wherein the workplace is located has
- 3 jurisdiction, upon petition by the commissioner, to restrain
- or enjoin any conditions or practices in any workplace
- which are such that a danger exists which could reasonably

be expected to cause death or serious physical harm immediately or before the imminence of the danger can be eliminated through the enforcement procedures otherwise provided by this article. Any order issued under this section may require such steps to be taken as are necessary to avoid. 10 correct or remove the imminent danger and prohibit the 11 employment or presence of any individual in locations or 12 under conditions where the imminent danger exists, except 13 the presence of those individuals whose presence is 14 necessary to avoid, correct or remove such imminent 15 danger, or to maintain the capacity of a continuous process 16 operation, or to resume normal operations without a 17 complete cessation of operations or, where a cessation of operation is necessary, to permit such to be accomplished in 19 a safe and orderly manner. No temporary restraining order 20 issued without notice may be effective for more than five 21days. 22

23 (b) Whenever and as soon as an inspector concludes that
24 conditions or practices described in subsection (a) of this
25 section exist in any place of employment, he shall inform
26 the affected employees and employer of the danger and
27 shall further inform those persons that he is recommending
28 to the commissioner that relief be sought. If the
29 commissioner fails to seek relief under this section within
30 forty-eight hours of being notified of such conditions, any
31 employee who may have been injured by reason of such
32 failure or the authorized representative of such employee
33 may seek injunctive relief.

§21-3A-15. Research and demonstration projects.

The commissioner shall conduct research and undertake demonstration projects relating to occupational safety and health issues and problems, either within the labor department or by grants or contracts. The commissioner may prescribe rules requiring employers to measure, record and make reports on exposure of employees to toxic substances which he believes may endanger the health or safety of employees. The commissioner shall cooperate with the director of the national institute for occupational safety and health of the department of health and human services of the United States in establishing programs of medical examinations and tests necessary to determine the incidence of occupational illness and employee

- 14 susceptibility to such illnesses. Such programs, upon the
- 15 request of the employer, may be paid for by the
- 16 commissioner, together with such other assistance as may
- 17 be required. Information obtained under this section shall
- 18 be made public without revealing the names of individual
- 19 workers covered by physical examination or special studies
- 20 and shall be made available to employers, employees and
- 21 their authorized representatives.

§21-3A-16. Education program.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall conduct directly or by grants
- 2 or contracts education programs to provide an adequate
- 3 supply of qualified personnel to carry out the purposes of
- 4 this article and information programs on the importance
- 5 and proper use of adequate safety and health equipment.
- 6 (b) The commissioner is authorized to conduct directly
- 7 or by grants or contracts short-term training of personnel
- 8 engaged in work related to this responsibility under this
- 9 article.
- 10 (c) The commissioner shall provide for the
- 11 establishment and supervision of programs for the
- 12 education and training of employers and employees in the
- 13 recognition, avoidance and prevention of unsafe or
- 14 unhealthful working conditions in employment covered by
- 15 this article. The commissioner shall consult with and advise
- 16 employers, employees and organizations representing
- 17 employers and employees as to effective means of
- 18 preventing occupational injuries and illnesses.

§21-3A-17. Reports to United States secretary of labor.

- In regard to the administration and enforcement of this
- 2 article, the commissioner shall make reports to the
- 3 secretary of labor of the United States in such form and
- 4 containing such information as the secretary shall from
- 5 time to time require.

§21-3A-18. Occupational safety and health advisory board created; qualifications of members; members appointed by governor; term; filling of vacancies; payment of expenses.

- 1 There is created a public employees occupational safety
- 2 and health advisory board to assist the commissioner in
- 3 establishing standards for the occupational safety and
- 4 health of public employees. The board shall make itself

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available to receive information regarding matters of concern to public employees in the areas of occupational safety and health.

The board shall be composed of nine members in addition to the commissioner of labor who shall be an ex officio 10 member and shall sit as chairman of the advisory board. The members of the board shall be citizens and residents of this 12 state, who shall be selected on the basis of their responsibility, experience, competence and commitment in 13 14 the field of public employee occupational safety and health.

The members of the board shall be appointed by and serve 16 at the will and pleasure of the governor. There shall be three members representing public employers, three members who are public employees in the various areas of state and 19 local government, and three members who are not 20 employers or employees as defined in this section and do not 21 represent by their occupation either party. No more than 22 five members appointed by the governor shall be from the 23 same political party.

The terms of all members shall commence on the first day 24 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven. The terms of one member representing public employers, one member representing public employees, and one member 28 representing the general public shall run through the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightyeight. The terms of one other member representing public 30 employers, one other member representing public 31 employees, and one other member representing the general 3233 public shall run through the thirtieth day of June, one 34 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The terms of the 35 remaining member representing public employers, the 36 remaining member representing public employees, and the 37 remaining member representing the general public shall 38 run through the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety. Thereafter, terms of members shall be for three years. 40

All members shall be eligible for reappointment by the governor. A member shall, unless sooner removed, continue to serve until his term expires and his successor has been appointed by the governor and has qualified. A vacancy caused by the death, resignation, or removal of a member prior to the expiration of his term shall be filled by the governor and only for the remainder of such term.

- The members of the advisory board shall serve without
- 49 compensation but shall be entitled to reimbursement for
- 50 their necessary expenses actually incurred in the
- 51 performance of their duties.

§21-3A-19. Optional coverage by subdivisions.

- 1 The governing body of any county or municipality or any
- department, division, bureau, board, council, agency or
- 3 authority of any county or municipality or of any school
- 4 district or special purposes district created pursuant to law
- 5 may, by ordinance, resolution or other procedure, explicitly
- 6 elect that some or all of its workplaces or employees shall be
- 7 covered by the provisions of this article. The commissioner
- 8 shall issue rules and regulations and prescribe forms and
- 9 procedures regarding such optional coverage. The
- 10 commissioner may issue rules and regulations providing for
- 11 variances from the procedural and substantive
- 12 requirements of this article in the case of the optional
- 13 coverage described herein.



The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled. Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Complittee Originated in the Senate. In effect ninety days from passage. Clerk of the Senate Clerk of the House of Delg President of the Senate Speaker House of Delegates

PRESENTED TO THE

GOVERNOR
Date 3/83/81
Time 3:08p.m.

CGT MAR 30 MM III: 25